## Section 2.2 Considering Categorical Data

Stats 7 Summer Session II 2022

## Contingency Tables

A table that summarizes data for two categorical variables is called a contingency table.

The contingency table below shows the distribution of students' genders and whether or not they are looking for a spouse while in college.

|  |  | looking for spouse |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| gender | No | Yes | Total |  |
|  | Female | 86 | 51 | 137 |
|  | Male | 52 | 18 | 70 |
|  | Total | 138 | 69 | 207 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## Bar Plots

A bar plot is a common way to display a single categorical variable. A bar plot where proportions instead of frequencies are shown is called a relative frequency bar plot.


Female


Male


Female


Male

How are bar plots different than histograms?

- Bar plots are used for displaying distributions of categorical variables, while histograms are used for numerical variables.
- The x-axis in a histogram is a number line, hence the order of the bars cannot be changed, while in a bar plot the categories can be listed in any order (though some orderings make more sense than others, especially for ordinal variables.)


## Choosing the <br> Appropriate Proportion

Does there appear to be a relationship between gender and whether the student is looking for a spouse in college?

|  |  | looking for spouse |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  | No | Yes | Total |
| gender | Female | 86 | 51 | 137 |
|  | Male | 52 | 18 | 70 |
|  | Total | 138 | 69 | 207 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

To answer this question we examine the row proportions:

- \% Females looking for a spouse: 51 / 137 ~ 0.37
- \% Males looking for a spouse: 18 / 70 ~ 0.26


## Bar plots with two variables

- Stacked bar plot: Graphical display of contingency table information, for counts.
- Side-by-side bar plot: Displays the same information by placing bars next to, instead of on top of, each other.
- Standardized stacked bar plot: Graphical display of contingency table information, for proportions.


## Segmented Bar and Mosaic Plots

What are the differences between the three visualizations shown below?


Female





## Mosaic plots

What are the differences between the two visualizations shown below?




## Pie Charts

Can you tell which order encompasses the lowest percentage of mammal species?


$\square$ RODENTIA<br>- CHIROPTERA<br>- CARNIVORA<br>$\square$ ARTIODACTYLA<br>- PRIMATES<br>- SORICOMORPHA<br>- LAGOMORPHA<br>$\square$ DIPROTODONTIA<br>- DIDELPHIMORPHIA<br>- CETACEA<br>$\square$ DASYUROMORPHIA<br>- AFROSORICIDA<br>- ERINACEOMORPHA<br>- SCANDENTIA<br>- PERISSODACTYLA<br>- HYRACOIDEA<br>- PERAMELEMORPHIA<br>- CINGULATA<br>- PILOSA<br>- MACROSCELIDEA<br>$\square$ TUBULIDENTATA<br>$\square$ PHOLIDOTA<br>- MONOTREMATA<br>$\square$ PAUCITUBERCULATA<br>$\square$ SIRENIA<br>PROBOSCIDEA<br>- DERMOPTERA<br>- NOTORYCTEMORPHIA<br>$\square$ MICROBIOTHERIA

http://www.bucknell.edu/msw3

## Comparing Numerical Data Across Groups

Does there appear to be a relationship between class year and number of clubs students are in?


## Intensity Maps

What patterns are apparent in the change in population between 2000 and 2010?

http://projects.nytimes.com/census/2010/map

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